IN THE ENVIRONMENT COURT OF NEW ZEALAND

ENV-2019-WGN-000130

IN THE MATTER of the Resource Management Act 1991

AND of an appeal under Clause 14(1) of First Schedule to the

Resource Management Act 1991

BETWEEN THE ROYAL FOREST AND BIRD PROTECTION SOCIETY OF NEW

ZEALAND

Appellant

AND GREATER WELLINGTON REGIONAL COUNCIL

Respondent

AND LAND MATTERS

Interested Party

NOTICE OF PERSON'S WISH TO BE PARTY TO PROCEEDINGS Section 274 of the First Schedule Resource Management Act 1991

To:

the Registrar Environment Court Wellington

- 1. Land Matters Ltd ("Land Matters") wish to be a party to the following proceedings:
 - ENV-2019-WLG-000130;
 - The Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society of New Zealand v Greater Wellington Regional Council and the Proposed Natural Resources Plan
- 2. We are
 - a person who has an interest in the proceedings that is greater than the interest that the general public has in that the subject matter in that the appellants notice of appeal could have an influence on the provisions of the Proposed District Plan that relate to land owned by the Interested Party.

- 3. We are not a trade competitor for the purposes of section 308C or 308CA of the Resource Management Act 1991.
- 4. We are interested in part of the proceedings.
- 5. The part of the proceedings I am interested in is:
 - See attached Appendix A
- 6. We are interested in the following particular issues:
 - See attached Appendix A
- 7. We **oppose/support** the relief sought because—
 - See attached Appendix A
- 8. We agree to participate in mediation or other alternative dispute resolution of the proceedings.

Signature of person on behalf of Land Matters Ltd

8 October 2019 Date

Address for service of person wishing to be a party:

Telephone: 021 877 143

Fax/email: bryce@landmatters.nz Contact person: Bryce Holmes

APPENDIX A			
Appellant: The Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society of New Zealand			
Appeal points (the part of the appeal we are interested in)	Interested in the particular issues	We oppose/support the relief sought because	agree to participate in mediation or other ADR

Policy P30: Natural buffers	Delete the reference to minimising adverse effects	We oppose the relief sought	Yes
Tolley 1 30. Natural Barrers	Belete the reference to minimising daverse effects	because:	103
Provide for the restoration or enhancement of The adverse effects		The wording as proposed in	
of use and development on natural features such as beaches,		the Decisions Version allows	
dunes or wetlands that buffer development from natural hazards		for an effects based	
shall be and ensure the adverse effects of use and development on		assessment to take place that	
them are minimised.		would consider the extent of	
		adverse effects and how to	
		minimise those effects if	
		necessary; and	
		It may not always be necessary	
		to restore or enhance natural	
		features such as beaches,	
		dunes or wetlands to buffer	
		development from natural hazards where other	
		mitigation is in place that	
		achieves the same outcome;	
		and	
		This types of works should be	
		determined having undertaken	
		a risk-based assessment on the	
		hazard.	
Policy P31:		We oppose in part the relief sought	Yes
·	Amend Policy 31(b) so that it is consistent with	as follows:	
Policy P31: Biodiversity, Aaquatic ecosystem health and mahinga	Objective O25 (as amended)	Wetlands are already provided	
kai		for under each of the headings	
	Add a new heading "wetlands"	in the policy	
Biodiversity, Aaquatic ecosystem health and mahinga kai shall be			

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maintained or restored by managing the effects of use and development on physical, chemical and biological processes to: Hydrology (a) minimise adverse effects on maintain or restore natural flow characteristics and hydrodynamic processes, and the natural pattern and range of water level fluctuations in rivers, lakes and natural wetlands, and Water quality (b) maintain or improve water quality to meet the objectives in Tables 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7 and 3.8 of Objective O25, and Aquatic habitat diversity and quality (bc) minimise adverse effects on maintain or restore aquatic habitat diversity and quality, including the form, frequency and pattern of pools, runs, and riffles in rivers, and the natural form of rivers, lakes, natural wetlands and the coastal habitats marine area, and (d) restore the connections between fragmented aquatic habitats, and Critical habitat for indigenous aquatic species and indigenous birds (ee) minimise adverse effects on maintain or restore habitats that	and a new sub policy "avoid the loss or degradation of any natural wetland" Replace "maintain" in P31(f) with "avoid,remedy or mitigate"	We support in part the relief sought as follows: • The request to replace "maintain in P31(f) [note: should be P31(g)] with the words, "avoid, remedy or mitigate" as it may not always be possible or necessary or appropriate to restore riparian habitats. The terms avoid, remedy or mitigate provide for an assessment of the circumstances to take place and allow for other mitigation, not necessarily the reinstatement of riparian margins.	

are important to the life cycle and survival of indigenous aquatic species <u>and the habitats of indigenous birds in the coastal marine</u> <u>area, natural wetlands and the beds of lakes and rivers and their</u>

APPENDIX A Appellant: The Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society of New Zealand				
margins that are used for breeding, roosting, feeding, and			T	
migration, and Critical life cycle periods				
(4f) minimise adverse effects <u>on aquatic species</u> at times which will most affect the breeding, spawning, and dispersal or migration of those aquatic species, including timing the activity, or the adverse <u>effects of</u> the activity, to avoid times of the year when adverse effects may <u>be more significant, and</u>				
Riparian habitats				
(fg) minimise adverse effects on maintain or restore riparian habitats and restore them where practicable, and				
Pests (gh) avoid the introduction, and restrict the spread, of aquatic pest plants and animals.				
Policy P37: Values of wetlands	Replace with "avoid the loss or degradation of any natural wetland"	We oppose the relief sought because:	Yes	
Activities in and adjacent to natural wetlands shall be managed to maintain and, where appropriate, restore their condition and their values including: (a) as habitat for indigenous flora and fauna, and		 It is not clear which part of the policy is to be replaced with the proposed wording; Section 6 of the Act requires protection of wetlands from 		
 (b) for their significance to mana whenua, and (c) for their role in the hydrological cycle including flood protection, and (d) for nutrient attenuation and <u>sediment trapping</u>, and (e) as a fisheries resource, and 		inappropriate subdivision, use or development and the proposed changes go beyond what is anticipated in the Act; and		

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(f) for recreation, <u>and</u> (g) for education and scientific research.		Not all wetlands would meet the definition of requiring protection under Section 6 of		
		the Act		
Policy 102: Reclamation or drainage of the beds of lakes and rivers	Replace with:	Support in part because:	Yes	
The reclamation or drainage of the beds of lakes and rivers and natural wetlands shall be avoided, in particular those identified in Schedules A (outstanding water bodies) and C (mana whenua), except where the reclamation or drainage is:	"The extent and ecosystem health of rivers and streams in the region, and their associated freshwater ecosystems, are at least maintained including by ensuring:	 The proposed wording provides a pragmatic response to providing for people and communities through allowing for appropriate activities and 		
(a) partial reclamation of a river bank for the purposes of flood prevention or erosion control,	(a) There is no net loss in the extent or ecosystem health of a stream associated with permanently diverting a stream;	managing effects associated with those activities; and Reclamation may be		
or (b) associated with a qualifying development within a special housing area, or	(b) The infilling of river or stream beds is avoided, unless there are no other practicable alternative	appropriate in some water bodies, where the adverse effects can be appropriately		
(eb) associated with a growth and/or development framework or strategy approved by a local authority under the Local Government Act 2002, or	methods of providing for the activity, and it is part of an activity:	mitigated (included through off-setting)		
7.00 2002) 0.	(i)designed to restore or enhance the natural values of			
(dc) necessary to enable the development, operation, maintenance and upgrade of regionally significant infrastructure, or (ed) associated with the creation of a new river bed and does not	the stream or of any adjacent or associated ecosystem; or			
involve piping of the river, and	(ii) necessary to enable the development, operation, maintenance and upgrade of nationally significant			
(e) for the purpose of forming a reasonable crossing point, and	infrastructure; or			
(f) in respect of (a) to (e) there are no other practicable alternative methods of providing for the activity, or	(iii) required for the purposes of flood prevention or erosion control."			

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(g) the reclamation or drainage is of an ephemeral flow path.			
For the purpose of this policy the piping or covering of a stream fo	_		
a distance greater than that required to form a reasonable crossin	9		
point is considered to be reclamation of the river bed.			