Appendix 4: Recommended Amendments to Provisions and Section 32AA Evaluation

This document sets out only the provisions of the notified version of Proposed Plan Change 1 for which submissions were specifically received.

Provisions as notified are shown in black text. Additions are <u>underlined</u> and deletions are <u>struck through</u>. Section 42A recommended amendments are shown in <u>red text</u>. Additions are <u>underlined</u> and deletions are <u>struck through</u>. Recommended amendments from other S42A reports are shown in <u>orange text</u>. Additions are <u>underlined</u> and deletions are <u>struck through</u>.

The section 32AA assessment follows alongside for each of the provisions where amendments have been recommended by the officer.

Submission no.	Chapter	Provision	Text of provision with any recommended amendments	Evaluation of amendment (section 32AA assessment)
\$282.006 \$282.007	2.2 Definitions	Primary contact sites	Primary contact sites for Whaitua Te Whanganui-a-Tara are shown on Map 85. means a site identified by the Wellington Regional Council that it considers is regularly used, or would be regularly used but for existing freshwater quality, for recreational activities such as swimming, paddling, boating, or watersports, and particularly for activities where there is a high likelihood of water or water vapour being ingested or inhaled. Note: the identified sites are shown on Map 85.	Appropriateness of the objective The recommended amendment to this definition and the related removal of application of Schedule H2 improves the effectiveness of the plan as it explains the meaning of the term in line with the NPS-FM and provides suitable guidance to plan users to understand the purpose of these sites, as well as directing plan users to the map which shows their locations. Furthermore, removing duplication between Schedule H and the primary contact sites and objectives relevant to <i>E. coli</i> and enterococci removes

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S151.023 S285.009	Chapter 6 Methods [consequential amendment to operative NRP]	M34	Apply a 'not applicable' icon to M34 such that it does not apply within the TWT and TAoP whaitua: Method M34: Improving water quality in priority water bodies Wellington Regional Council in conjunction with mana whenua will develop and implement a programme to improve water quality for contact recreation and Māori customary use in the first priority fresh and coastal water bodies identified in Schedule H2.	duplication and risk of uncertainty with having two types of provisions directing 'improvements' for contact recreation with different targets.
S151.023 S285.009	Schedule H [consequential amendment to operative NRP]	Schedule H2	Apply a 'not applicable' icon to all of Schedule H2 such that it does not apply within the TWT and TAoP whaitua: Schedule H2: Priorities for improvement of fresh and coastal water quality for contact recreation and Māori customary use	
S101.018	Chapter 3 Objectives	O2	Remove 'not applicable' icon.	Appropriateness of the objective The amendment better aligns with the RMA. Retaining this objective throughout the region is considered to be more appropriate in achieving the purpose of the RMA than the notified version which seeks to remove application of this objective for TWT and TAoP. It covers natural resources, recognising their contribution to social, economic and cultural wellbeing, and the health of people and communities, and directing that this be recognised in their management. It is not inherently inconsistent with Te Mana o te Wai and the

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				hierarchy of obligations, as the objective is not specifically directed to use of and impacts on water.
248.008 101.038 210.020 211.006 2.016 245.001 286.018 193.056	8 Whaitua Te Whanganui-a- Tara	WH.O1	Objective WH.O1 The health of all freshwater bodies rivers and lakes and their margins, natural wetlands, groundwater and the coastal marine area within Whaitua Te Whanganui-a-Tara is progressively improved and is wai ora by 2100. Note In the wai ora state: Ahua (natural character) is restored where deteriorated and freshwater bodies exhibit their natural quality, rhythms, range of flows, form, hydrology and character All freshwater bodies rivers and lakes have planted margins, where practicable All freshwater bodies rivers and lakes and their margins, natural wetlands, groundwater and coastal waters have healthy functioning ecosystems and their water conditions and habitat support the presence, abundance, survival and recovery of At-risk and Threatened species and taonga species Mahinga kai and kaimoana species are healthy, plentiful enough for long term harvest and are safe to harvest and eat or use, including for manuhiri and to exercise manaakitanga Mana whenua are able to undertake customary practices at a range of places throughout the catchment. Water is able to be used for social and economic use benefits, provided that the health and well-	Appropriateness of the objective The amendments to Objective WH.O1 are considered to be the most appropriate way to achieve the purpose of the Act because they provide greater certainty to plan users and resource consent applicants about how the objectives are intended to be implemented i.e. the objective is a long-term objective that does not need to be applied to resource consent assessments, as it is supported by shorter term objectives which are more specific and achievable within the life of the plan. The amendments also provide for use of freshwater resources to support social, economic, environmental and cultural wellbeing while at the same time setting an expectation to protect and restore freshwater bodies wherever possible. In doing so, the amendments give effect to the NPS-FM and the principle of Te Mana o te Wai.

Submission no.	Chapter	Provision	Text of provision with any recommended amendments	Evaluation of amendment (section 32AA assessment)
2201.004	Q.W/b.gitu.o.To	WH.O2	being of waterbodies, freshwater ecosystems and coastal waters is not compromised. Note: Objectives WH.O2 to WH.O9 set out what is needed to achieve progressive implementation of this long-term objective up to 2040. Therefore, resource consent applicants do not need to demonstrate their proposed activities align with this objective.	Ammo minton one of the chinative
\$261.004 \$249.002 \$187.001 \$261.050 \$151.055 \$193.057 \$188.032 \$193.057 \$32.001	8 Whaitua Te Whanganui-a- Tara	WH.O2 ≫FW	The health and wellbeing of Te Whanganui-a-Tara's groundwater, rivers and natural wetlands and their margins are on a trajectory of measurable improvement towards wai ora, such that by 2040: (a) water quality, habitats, aquatic life, water quantity and ecological processes are at a level where the state of aquatic life ecosystem health is maintained, or meaningful progress has been made towards improvement where degraded in accordance with WH.O9, and (b) natural form and character is maintained, or where degraded, improvement has been made to the hydrology of rivers, and erosion processes; including bank stability, are improved and sources of sediment are reduced to a more natural level, and the extent and condition of indigenous riparian vegetation is increased and improved, supporting ecosystem health, and (c) the extent and condition of indigenous riparian vegetation is increased and improved, and improved, and	 Appropriateness of the objective The recommended amendments to Objective WH.O2 are considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act because: The amendments in the chapeau and clause (a) clarify the relationship of the environmental outcome objectives and the TAS objectives that do the 'measuring'. The amendment also better supports implementation of clause 3.9 of the NPS-FM as the clauses are linked to relevant values. The amendment in clause (g) better recognises the kayaking and rafting value of Te Awa Kairangi in response to submissions and RPS direction and in doing so supports social wellbeing. The recommended deletion of clause (e) ensures all freshwater is considered in relation to the key NPS-FM values, not just those in Schedule B. This change more appropriately gives effect to the NPS-FM.

Submission no.	Chapter	Provision	Text of provision with any recommended amendments	Evaluation of amendment (section 32AA assessment)
			(d) the diversity, abundance, composition, structure and condition of mahinga kai species and communities are increased, and	
			(e) huanga of mahinga kai and Māori customary use for locations identified in Schedule B (Ngā Taonga Nui a Kiwa) are maintained or improved, and	
			(f) mana whenua can more safely connect with freshwater and enjoy a wider range of customary and cultural practices, including mahinga kai gathering, and	
			(g) mana whenua and communities can more safely connect with freshwater and enjoy a wider range of activities, including swimming, and fishing, kayaking and rafting food gathering, and	
			(h) freshwater of a suitable quality is available for the health needs of people, and	
			(i) people and communities can provide for social and economic use benefits, provided that the health and well-being of waterbodies and ecosystems is not compromised.	
S101.040 S193.114 S101.040 S151.056 S151.103	8 Whaitua Te Whanganui-a- Tara	WH.O3	Objective WH.O3 The health and wellbeing of c Coastal water quality, and the health and wellbeing of ecosystems and habitats in Te Whanganui-a-Tara is maintained, or improved where deteriorated, to achieve the coastal water objectives set out in Table 8.1 and 8.1A, and by 2040:	Appropriateness of the objective The recommended amendments to Objective WH. O3 are considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act because: The amendments to the chapeau offer clearer guidance for plan users by specifying that the intention of the objective is to require improvements in coastal water quality and health where specific parameters are not met. This

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			(a) sediment inputs into Mākara Estuary are reduced, and (b) high contaminant concentrations, including around discharge points, are reduced, and	ensures the objective aligns with the overarching purpose of the RMA, particularly in promoting the enhancement of coastal water quality, supporting social, economic, cultural and environmental wellbeing.
			(c) diversity, abundance, composition, structure and condition of mahinga kai species and communities has increased, and	The deletion of clause (g) removes duplication with clause (h). Additionally, amendments to clause (h) better reflect the intent and scope of PC1, placing emphasis on the suitability of coastal waters for
			(d) huanga of mahinga kai and Māori customary use for locations identified in Schedule B (Ngā Taonga Nui a Kiwa) are maintained or improved, and	human use, rather than physical access. • The inclusion of defined terms in the NRP in Clause (h) provides greater certainty for plan users and resource consent applicants, ensuring clearer
			(e) the extent and condition of estuarine seagrass, saltmarsh and brackish water submerged macrophytes are increased and improved to support abundant and diverse biota, and	interpretation and application of the objective. Changes to the accompanying table respond to scientific recommendations to refine the key parameters for ecosystem health and revise the metal targets to maintain within a 'band' to accommodate for
			(f) coastal areas support healthy functioning ecosystems, and their water conditions and habitats support the presence, abundance, survival, and recovery of At-risk and Threatened species and taonga species, and	natural accumulation. The deletion of (b) resolves a conflicting expectation for metals between this clause and the 'maintenance' approach within the table and a new clause for coastal areas not covered by the table has been added, which will better manage risks within
			(g) mana whenua can safely connect with the coastal marine area and enjoy a wider range of customary and cultural practices, including mahinga kai gathering and tauranga waka, and	the open coast areas of the whaitua.
			(h) mana whenua and communities can safely connect with use the coastal marine area and enjoy a wider range of activities, including food gathering, and swimming, paddling, Māori customary use and tikanga, and	

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			 for coastal areas not covered by Table 8.1, in addition to relevant matters in (a)-(h) above: fish and benthic invertebrate communities are resilient and their structure, composition and diversity are maintained, and there is no increase in the frequency of nuisance macroalgal blooms, and phytoplankton levels are maintained and monitored in applicable areas of point source discharges and locations that experience riverine mouth closures with limited water mixing. 	
S193.061	8 Whaitua Te Whanganui-a- Tara	WH.O5 ≋FW	Objective WH.O5 By 2040 the health and wellbeing of the Parangarahu Lakes and associated natural wetlands are on a trajectory of improvement towards wai ora, such that: (a) water quality, habitats, water quantity and ecological processes are at a level where the state of aquatic life is maintained, or meaningfully improved where degraded, to achieve the target attribute states in Table 8.2 to provide for ecosystem health, and (b) the lakes are not impacted by submerged invasive plants and support healthy native aquatic plants, and	Appropriateness of the objective The recommended amendments to Objective WH.O5 are considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act. Removing clauses (b) and (c) improves clarity for plan users by eliminating duplication with the submerged plants TAS included in Table 8.2 and addressing lack of clear alignment with a specific value. Clause (c) also duplicates part of the outcome in clause (a) and extends beyond the Council's responsibilities under the RMA. Its removal ensures the objective better aligns with the Council's role and the overall purpose of the RMA.

Submission no.	Chapter	Provision	Text of provision with any recommended amendments	Evaluation of amendment (section 32AA assessment)
			(d) riparian vegetation is present around the perimeter of each lake, and (e) the diversity, abundance, composition, structure and condition of mahinga kai species and communities has increased, and (f) mana whenua can safely connect with and enjoy waterbodies to undertake a wider range of customary and cultural practices, including mahinga kai gathering, and (g) huanga of mahinga kai and Māori customary use for locations identified in Schedule B (Ngā Taonga Nui a Kiwa) are maintained or improved.	
\$238.010 \$210.022 \$193.063 \$2.017 \$206.033 \$188.036	8 Whaitua Te Whanganui-a- Tara	WH.O6 ≋FW	Objective WH.O6 Groundwater flows and levels, and water quality, are maintained at levels that Groundwater health and integrity, including the confining layers of the aquifer system, are maintained and protected such that: (a) ensure base flows or levels in surface water bodies and springs are supported, and (b) salt-water intrusion is avoided and there is no landward movement of the salt-water/freshwater interface, and	 Appropriateness of the objective The recommended amendments to Objective WH.O6 are considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act because: The amendments provide greater clarity to plan users and resource consent applicants about the intent of the objective and what activities it applies too. The amendment to clauses (b) and (c) more appropriately give effect to the direction of Policy 5 of the NPS-FM. New clause (d) recognise the importance of groundwater usage, ensuring sufficient reliability for the needs of communities.

Submission no.	Chapter	Provision	Text of provision with any recommended amendments	Evaluation of amendment (section 32AA assessment)
			(bc) protect groundwater quality and groundwater dependent ecosystems are maintained, or improved where degraded, and (cd) protect ecosystems in connected surface water bodies are maintained, or improved where degraded, and (de) ensure that groundwater is of sufficient quality for human and stock drinking water, and (ef) ensure there is not a long-term decline in mean annual groundwater levels, including artesian pressures, and (fg) avoid aquifer consolidation is avoided, and (h) aquifer pressures are maintained, and (i) social and economic use benefits are enabled where (a)-(h) are not compromised.	
	8 Whaitua Te Whanganui-a- Tara	WH.O7 ≋FW	Objective WH.O7 The physical integrity of aquitards is protected so that confined aquifer pressures are maintained.	Appropriateness of the objective The recommended deletion of Objective WH.O7 is considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act as it ensures that issues related to maintaining groundwater health and integrity are not separated.
S193.064	8 Whaitua Te Whanganui-a- Tara	WH.O8 ≋FW	Objective WH.O8 Primary contact sites within Te Awa Kairangi/Hutt River, Pākuratahi River, Akatarawa River and Wainuiomata River are suitable for primary contact by ensuring that by 2040:	Appropriateness of the objective No amendments to text of Objective WH.O6 are required as the objective achieves the purpose of the Act. Additional content is included in the accompanying table to improve plan clarity through inclusion of additional baseline data content.

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			(a) Escherichia coli concentrations are at least maintained, or improved where the target attribute states in Table 8.3 are not met, and (b) there is low risk of health effects from exposure to benthic cyanobacteria. [refer below for Table 8.3]	
\$151.003 \$151.004 \$222.032 \$206.034 \$206.062 \$151.060	8 Whaitua Te Whanganui-a- Tara	WH.O9 ≫FW	Water quality, habitats, natural form and character, water quantity and ecological processes of rivers are maintained or improved by ensuring that: (a) Where a target attribute state in Table 8.4 is not met, the state of that attribute is improved throughout in all rivers and river reaches in the part Freshwater Management Unit so that the target attribute state is met within the timeframe indicated within Table 8.4, and (b) Where a target attribute state in Table 8.4 is met, the state of that attribute is at least maintained in all rivers within the part Freshwater Management Unit, and (c) Where any attribute in any river or river reach is in a better state than the target attribute state, that attribute is at least maintained at the better state in every river or river reach, and (d) Where a huanga of mahinga kai and Māori customary use for locations identified in Schedule B (Ngā Taonga Nui a Kiwa) and is not	 Appropriateness of the objective The recommended amendments to Objective WH.O9 are considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act because: The amendments will help guide the prioritisation of sub-catchment improvements Amendments to the chapeau to reference natural form and character will give effect to the NPS-FM and better relate outcomes to the applicable values. The insertion of Clause (e) clarifies the nature of the objective and who is responsible for meeting the targets. Changes to the accompanying table respond to scientific recommendations to refine the key attributes for ecosystem health. They also improve the achievability of targets, with consideration for the costs and practicability of achieving the required improvements within the specified timeframe.

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			achieved, the state of the river or river reach is improved.	
			(d) where improvements are required to existing wastewater or stormwater networks:	
			(i) prioritise E. coli/enterococci reductions that contribute to achieving the targets for primary contact site locations in Table 8.3, ahead of coastal targets in Table 8.1A and then the broader part Freshwater Management Unit E. coli targets in Table 8.4.	
			(ii) prioritise dissolved copper and dissolved zinc reductions in locations where macroinvertebrate target attribute state(s) in Table 8.4 are not met once the priorities in clause (i) above have been addressed.	
			(e) the targets in Table 8.4 are managed and monitored at a part Freshwater Management Unit level, by the Council on behalf of mana whenua and the wider community, and, where specific policies and rules are included in this chapter of the plan to manage an activity, and:	
			(i) when the specific policies and rules are fully satisfied, then the target attribute states can be considered to be consistent with this objective; or	
			(ii) when the specific policies and rules are not satisfied, then an assessment of the impact of an activity or discharge on the	

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			achievement of the target attribute states will be required; or (iii) where policies and rules are not included in this chapter to manage the proposed activity, then an assessment of the impact of an activity or discharge on the achievement of the target attribute states will be required. [refer below for proposed changes to Table 8.4]	
S22.003 and others	8 Whaitua Te Whanganui-a- Tara	N/A ≋FW	Add a new objective within chapter 8: Objective WH.10 By 2030, there is no further decline of the health and wellbeing of Te Whanganui-a-Tara's lakes and rivers.	Appropriateness of the objective The recommended insertion of Objective WH.O10 is considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act as it establishing a 'no further decline' imperative by 2030 in line with the 10 year interim targets required by the NPS-FM.
248.008 193.112 261.133 240.024	9. Te Awarua- o-Porirua Whaitua	P.O1	Objective P.O1 The health of Te Awarua-o-Porirua's groundwater, rivers, lakes, natural wetlands, estuaries, harbours and coastal marine area is progressively improved and is wai ora by 2100. Note In the wai ora state: The values of Ngāti Toa Rangatira are upheld by way of revitalising and protecting Ngāti Toa Rangatira practices and tikanga associated with Te Awarua-o-Porirua is a taonga of Ngāti Toa Rangatira and must be respected by others Mauri is restored and waters are in a natural state, where possible	Appropriateness of the objective The amendments to Objective P.O1 are considered to be the most appropriate way to achieve the purpose of the Act because: The amendment to the first bullet point under the 'Note' of the objective provides a specific and measurable resource management outcome to support cultural wellbeing for Ngāti Toa Rangatira. This clarification supports plan implementation. The remaining amendments to the objective provide greater certainty to plan users and resource consent applicants about how the objectives are intended to be implemented i.e. the objective is a long-term objective that does not need to be considered in resource consent assessments as it is supported by shorter term objectives which are more specific and achievable

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			 Ecological health is excellent in freshwater and coastal water environments Rivers flow naturally, with ripples riffles, runs and pools, and the river beds are stony Mahinga kai, taonga, mahinga ika and kaimoana species are healthy, abundant, diverse, present across all stages of life, sizeable, and able to be culturally harvested by mana whenua Mahinga kai, taonga, mahinga ika and kai moana species are safe to harvest and eat or use, including for mana whenua to exercise manaakitanga Mana whenua and communities are able to undertake a full range of activities Mana whenua are able to undertake cultural activities and practices Water is able to be used for social and economic use benefits, provided that the health and wellbeing of waterbodies, freshwater ecosystems and coastal waters is not compromised. Note: Objectives P.O2 to P.O6 set out what is needed to achieve progressive implementation of this long-term objective. Therefore, resource consent applicants do not need to demonstrate their proposed activities align with this objective. 	within the life of the plan. The amendments also provide for use of freshwater resources to support social, economic, environmental and cultural wellbeing while at the same time setting an expectation to protect and restore freshwater bodies wherever possible. In doing so, the amendments give effect to the NPS-FM and Te Mana o te Wai.
S261.004 S249.002 S261.134 S193.113	9. Te Awarua- o-Porirua Whaitua	P.02 ≋FW	Objective P.O2 Te Awarua-o-Porirua's groundwater, rivers, lakes and natural wetlands, and their margins are on a trajectory of measurable improvement towards wai ora, such that by 2040:	Appropriateness of the objective The recommended amendments are considered to be the most appropriate for the following reasons: The amendments in the chapeau and clause (a) clarify the relationship of the environmental outcome objectives and the TAS objectives that do the 'measuring'.

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			 (a) water quality, habitats, aquatic life, water quantity and ecological processes are at a level where the state of aquatic life ecosystem health is meaningfully improved in accordance with P.O6, and (b) natural form and character is maintained, or where degraded, improvement has been made to limit erosion processes, including bank stability, are improved to significantly reduce the sedimentation rate in the harbour to a more natural level, and the extent and condition of indigenous riparian vegetation is increased and improved, supporting ecosystem health, and (c) the extent and condition of indigenous riparian 	 The amendments also better support implementation of clause 3.9 of the NPS-FM as the clauses are linked to relevant values. The recommended deletion of clause (e) ensures all freshwater is considered in relation to the key NPS-FM values, not just those in Schedule B. This change more appropriately gives effect to the NPS-FM.
			(d) the diversity, abundance and condition of mahinga kai are increased so that mana whenua are able to harvest healthy mahinga kai for their people, and	
			(e) huanga of mahinga kai and Māori customary use for locations identified in Schedule B (Ngā Taonga Nui a Kiwa) are maintained or improved, and	
			(f) mana whenua are able to more safely connect with freshwater and are able to practice their customary and cultural practices, including mahinga kai gathering, and	
			(g) mana whenua and communities can more safely connect with waterbodies and enjoy a	

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			wider range of activities, including swimming, paddling and fishing food gathering, and (h) people and communities can provide for social and economic use benefits, provided that the health and well-being of waterbodies and ecosystems is not compromised. the freshwater environmental outcomes must contribute to the: (i) maintenance and improvement of the health and wellbeing of estuaries, harbours and open coastal areas, and (j) protection and restoration of sites within significant values.	
S101.040 S193.114 S101.040 S151.056 S151.103	9. Te Awarua- o-Porirua Whaitua	P.O3	Objective P.O3 The health and wellbeing of c Coastal water quality, and the health and wellbeing of ecosystems and habitats in Pāuatahanui Inlet, Onepoto Arm and the open coastal areas of Te Awarua-o-Porirua is maintained, or improved where deteriorated, to achieve the coastal water objectives set out in Table 9.1 and 9.1A, and by 2040: (a) sediment and metal loads entering the harbour arm catchments either via freshwater bodies or directly are significantly reduced, and (b) high contaminant concentrations, including around discharge points, are reduced, and (c) the diversity, abundance and condition of mahinga kai has increased so that mana	Appropriateness of the objective The recommended amendments to Objective P. O3 are considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act because: The amendments to the chapeau offer clearer guidance for plan users by specifying that the intention of the objective is to require improvements in coastal water quality and health where specific parameters are not met. This ensures the objective aligns with the overarching purpose of the RMA, particularly in promoting the enhancement of coastal water quality, supporting social, economic, cultural and environmental wellbeing. The deletion of clause (g) removes duplication with clause (h). Additionally, amendments to clause (h) better reflect the intent and scope of PC1, placing

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			whenua access to healthy mahinga kai has increased, and (d) huanga of mahinga kai and Māori customary use for locations identified in Schedule B (Ngā Taonga Nui a Kiwa) are maintained or improved, and	greater emphasis on the suitability of coastal waters for human use, rather than physical access. The inclusion of defined terms in the NRP in Clause (h) provides greater certainty for both plan users and resource consent applicants, ensuring clearer interpretation and application of the objective.
			(e) the extent and condition of estuarine seagrass, saltmarsh and brackish water submerged macrophytes are increased and improved to support abundant and diverse biota, and	Changes to the accompanying table respond to scientific recommendations to refine the target for sedimentation and revise the metal targets to maintain within a 'band' to accommodate for natural accumulation. The deletion of (b) resolves a conflicting
			(f) coastal areas support healthy functioning ecosystems, and their water conditions and habitats support the presence, abundance, survival, and recovery of taonga species and Atrisk and Threatened species, and	expectation for metals between this clause and the 'maintenance' approach within the table and a new clause for coastal areas not covered by the table has been added, which will better manage risks within the open coast areas of the whaitua.
			(g) mana whenua are able to safely connect with and access the coastal marine area and practice their customary and cultural tikanga, and	
			(h) mana whenua and communities can safely connect with use the coastal marine area and enjoy a wider range of activities, including food gathering, swimming, and paddling, Māori customary use and tikanga, and	
			 for coastal areas not covered by Table 9.1, in addition to relevant matters in (a)-(h) above: fish and benthic invertebrate communities are resilient and their 	

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S217.014	9. Te Awarua-	P.O5	structure, composition and diversity are maintained, and • there is no increase in the frequency of nuisance macroalgal blooms, and • phytoplankton levels are maintained and monitored in applicable areas of point source discharges and locations that experience riverine mouth closures with limited water mixing. [refer below for Table 9.1] Objective P.O5	Appropriateness of the objective
	o-Porirua Whaitua	≋FW	Groundwater flows and levels, and water quality, are maintained at levels that protect ensure that: (a) groundwater dependent ecosystems are maintained, or improved where degraded, and (b) the values of connected surface water bodies in places where groundwater flows to surface water are maintained, or improved where degraded.	The recommended amendments to Objective P.O5 are considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act as the amendment clarify that improvements are only required to degraded water, better aligning with the NPS-FM.
\$151.003 \$151.004 \$193.007 \$222.032 \$206.034 \$206.062 \$151.060	9. Te Awarua- o-Porirua Whaitua	P.06 ≋FW	Objective P.O6 Water quality, habitats, natural form and character, water quantity and ecological processes of rivers are maintained or improved by ensuring that: (a) where a target attribute state in Table 9.2 is not met, the state of that attribute is improved throughout in all rivers and river reaches in the part Freshwater Management Unit so that the	Appropriateness of the objective The recommended amendments to Objective P. O6 are considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act because: The amendments will help guide the prioritisation of sub-catchment improvements

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			target attribute state is met within the timeframe indicated within Table 9.2, and (b) where a target attribute state in Table 9.2 is met. the state of that attribute is at least maintained in all rivers within the part Freshwater Management Unit, and (c) where any attribute in any river or river reach is in a better state than the target attribute state, that attribute is at least maintained at the better state in every river or river reach, and (d) where a huanga of mahinga kai and Māori customary use for locations identified in Schedule B (Ngā Taonga Nui a Kiwa) is not achieved, the state of the river or river reach is improved. (e) where improvements are required to existing wastewater or stormwater networks: (i) prioritise E.coli/enterococci reductions that contribute to achieving the targets for coastal locations noted in Table 9.1As, ahead of broader part Freshwater Management Unit E.coli targets in Table 9.2. (ii) prioritise dissolved copper and dissolved reductions in locations where macroinvertebrate target attribute state(s) in Table 8.4 are not met once the priorities in clause (i) above have been addressed.	 Amendments to the chapeau to reference natural form and character will give effect to the NPS-FM and better relate outcomes to applicable values. The insertion of Clause (e) clarifies the nature of the objective and who is responsible for meeting them. Changes to the accompanying table respond to scientific recommendations to refine the key attributes for ecosystem health. They also improve the achievability of targets, with consideration for the costs and practicability of achieving the required improvements within the specified timeframe.

Submission no.	Chapter	Provision	Text of provision with any recommended amendments	Evaluation of amendment (section 32AA assessment)
			(f) the targets in Table 9.2 are managed and monitored at a part Freshwater Management Unit level, by the Council on behalf of mana whenua and the wider community, and, where specific policies and rules are included in this chapter of the plan to manage an activity, and: (i) when the specific policies and rules are fully satisfied, then the target attribute states can be considered to be consistent with this objective; or (ii) when the specific policies and rules are not satisfied these are not satisfied, then an assessment of the impact of an activity or discharge on the achievement of the target attribute states will be required; or (iii) where policies and rules are not included in this chapter to manage the proposed activity, a specific assessment of the impact of an activity or discharge on the achievement of the target attribute states is required. [refer below for Table 9.2]	
S22.003 and others	9. Te Awarua- o-Porirua Whaitua	N/A ≋FW	Add a new objective within chapter 9: Objective P.O7 By 2030, there is no further decline of the health and wellbeing of Te Awarua-o-Porirua's rivers.	Appropriateness of the objective The recommended insertion of Objective P. O7 is considered the most appropriate to achieve the purpose of the Act as it establishing a 'no further decline' imperative by 2030 in line with the 10 year interim targets required by the NPS-FM.
S31.003 S31.005	Schedule 28	Schedule 28	" Target Load Reductions	Appropriateness of the objective

Section 42A Report – Hearing Stream 2 – Objectives – 28 February 2025

Submission no.	Chapter	Provision	Text of provision with any recommended amendments	Evaluation of amendment (section 32AA assessment)
			To minimise the negative effect of stormwater discharges from new and redeveloped impervious surfaces on the achievement of the target attribute states for dissolved copper and zinc (Table 8.4 and Table 9.2) and the coastal objectives for copper and zinc in sediment (Table 8.1 and Table 9.1), all new and redeveloped impervious surfaces are to be treated to meet an equivalent target load reduction for copper and zinc to those set out for a raingarden/bioretention device, as per Table 1"	The recommended change to Schedule 28 is to clarify the application of the objectives and will achieve the purpose of the Act consistent with the improvements required by the NPS-FM.

Table 8.1: Coastal water objectives

					<u>Coastal</u>	Water Mana	agement Uni	its (Map 8	<u>3)</u>		
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Unit</u>	Statistic	Timeframe		<u>Te Whanganui-a-Tara (Harbour</u> and estuaries)		Estuary	Wainuiomata Estuary Other Estuaries		Wai Tai	
				Current state	<u>Target</u>	Current state	<u>Target</u>	Current state	<u>Target</u>		
Benthic marine invertebrate diversity	Subjective - State of ecosystem health and level of disturbance				Maiı	ntain or imp	rove				
<u>Macroalgae</u>	EQR	<u>Latest score</u>		N/A	M N/A	no data	M	no data	<u>M</u>		
Phytoplankton	mg chl-a/m³			<u>Maintain or improve</u>							
Copper in sediment	mg/kg	Mean of replicate	By 2040 plicate	<u>By 2040</u>	13.7	M <32.5	N/A	Maintain or improve N/A	no data	М	Maintain or improve
Zinc in sediment	mg/kg	<u>samples</u>		<u>113.8</u>	M <200	N/A	Maintain or improve N/A	no data	M		
Muddiness	<u>% >50% mud</u>	Latest score		no data	<u>M</u>	no data	<u>≤5</u>	no data	<u>M</u>		
<u>ridudiness</u>	<u>% of sample</u>	<u> </u>		<u>62.3</u>	<u>M</u>	no data	<u><10</u>	no data	<u>M</u>		
Sedimentation rate	Current:Natural <u>mm/year</u>	<u>5-year mean</u>		no data	M N/A	no data	<u>≤2:1</u> Improve	no data	<u>M</u>		
Enterococci	cfu/100 mL	95 ^{th_%ile}		≤200		<u>Maintain</u>	o r improve	Maintain	or improve		

M = Maintain; Maintenance in the state of a target will be assessed through:

All current state data = most recent available as at 2025

[•] Benchmarking against the baseline threshold and trend analysis or appropriate statistical analysis; and

Taking the impact of climate and human activity into account.

Table 8.1A: Coastal water enterococci objectives

Site	Current State ¹	Target ²
Te Whanganui-a-Tara (Harbour and estuaries)		
Petone Beach at Water Ski Club	<u>574</u>	200- 500
Petone Beach at Sydney Street	920	200 -500
Petone Beach at Kiosk	<u>660</u>	200 -500
Sorrento Bay	<u>356</u>	200
Lowry Bay at Cheviot Road	<u>256</u>	200
York Bay	233	200
Days Bay at Wellesley College	208	200
Days Bay at Wharf	<u>148</u>	<u>200</u>
Days Bay at Moana Road	<u>272</u>	200
Rona Bay at N end of Cliff Bishop Park	<u>474</u>	200 -500
Rona Bay at Wharf	<u>249</u>	200
Robinson Bay at HW Shortt Rec Ground	<u>156</u>	<u>200</u>
Robinson Bay at Nikau Street	<u>101</u>	200
Wellington City Waterfront at Shed 6	<u>1365</u>	200 50% improvement towards meeting 500
Whairepo Lagoon	404	200 -500
Wellington Harbour at Taranaki St Dive Platform	<u>1800</u>	200 50% improvement towards meeting 500
Oriental Bay at Freyberg Beach	<u>51</u>	200
Oriental Bay at Wishing Well	<u>200</u>	200
Oriental Bay at Band Rotunda	<u>423</u>	200 -500
Balaena Bay	<u>315</u>	200
Hataitai Beach	<u>254</u>	200
Shark Bay	<u>185</u>	200
Mahanga Bay	<u>148</u>	200
Scorching Bay	<u>28</u>	200
Worser Bay	<u>253</u>	200
Seatoun Beach at Wharf	<u>173</u>	200
Seatoun Beach at Inglis Street	<u>220</u>	200
Breaker Bay	<u>51</u>	200
Wai Tai		
Lyall Bay at Tirangi Road	<u>452</u>	Maintain or improve 500
Lyall Bay at Onepu Road	<u>165</u>	Maintain or improve 200
Lyall Bay at Queens Drive	<u>149</u>	Maintain or improve 200
Princess Bay	<u>23</u>	Maintain or improve 200
Island Bay at Surf Club	<u>574</u>	Maintain or improve 500
Island Bay at Reef St Recreation Ground	<u>896</u>	Maintain or improve 500
Island Bay at Derwent Street	<u>142</u>	Maintain or improve 200

<u>Site</u>	Current State ¹	<u>Target²</u>
<u>Ōwhiro Bay</u>	<u>1051</u>	Maintain or improve 50% improvement towards meeting 500
Mākara and Wainuiomata Estuaries		
No monitoring sites	no data	M aintain or improve
Any other locations	•	
No monitoring sites	no data	M aintain or improve

- 1. As at 17 December 2024, 5-year summer 95th percentile Cfu/100 ml
- 2. Cfu/100 ml 95th %ile

<u>M = Maintain; Maintenance in the state of a target will be assessed through:</u>

- Benchmarking against the baseline threshold and trend analysis or appropriate statistical analysis;
 and
- Taking the impact of climate and human activity into account.

Table 8.2: Target attribute states for lakes

					Part Freshwater Management Units (Map 80)							<u>Other</u>	
					Lake Kōhangatera Lake Kōhangapiripiri							<u>lakes</u>	
				Base	<u>eline</u>	<u>TA</u>	<u>S¹</u>	<u>Baseline</u>		TAS ¹		<u>default</u> TAS¹	
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Statistic</u>	<u>Timeframe</u>	<u>Numeric</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Numeric</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Numeric</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Numeric</u>	<u>State</u>		
Phytoplankton ²	mg chl-a/m³	<u>Median</u>		<u>5.0</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≤2</u>	<u>≤2</u>	۸	<u>1.5</u>	Α	<u>M</u>	٨	
rnytoptankton	ing citearin	<u>Maximum</u>		<u>35</u>	<u>)</u>	<u>≤10</u>	A	<u>6.0</u>	Δ	<u>1:1</u>	<u>A</u>		
Total nitrogen ²	mg/m³	<u>Median</u>		<u>480</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>660</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≤500</u>	<u>B</u>		
Total phosphorus ²	mg/m³	<u>Median</u>		<u>40</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≤20</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≤20</u>	<u>B</u>		
Ammonia (toxicity)²	mg/L	<u>Median</u>		<u>0.005</u>	А		Α	0.003	٨		А		
Ammonia (toxicity)		<u>95th %ile</u>		0.024	Δ		Δ	<u>0.005</u>	A		Δ		
		<u>Median</u>	By 2040	<u>125</u>				<u>23</u>					
Escherichia coli (E. coli)²	/100mL	<u>%>260/100mL</u>		<u>174</u>	Α		A	<u>0</u>	Δ	<u>M</u>	A	<u>M</u>	
Escricifolia con (E. con)	/ IOUILE	<u>%>540/100mL</u>		<u>0</u>	Δ	<u>M</u>	Δ	<u>0</u>	<u>A</u>		Δ		
		95 th %ile		<u>350</u>				<u>186</u>					
Cyanobacteria (planktonic) ²	Total biovolume mm³/L	80 th %ile		0.248	<u>A</u>		<u>A</u>	<u>0.008</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>A</u>		
Submerged plants (natives)	Native Condition Index (% of max)	<u>Latest</u>		<u>81.4</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>A</u>	<u>35.7</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≥75</u>	<u>A</u>		
Submerged plants (invasive species)	Invasive Impact Index (% of max)	<u>Latest</u>		<u>15.6</u>	<u>B</u>		<u>B</u>	<u>61.5</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≤25</u>	<u>B</u>		
Lake-bottom dissolved oxygen ³	mg/L	Annual minimum		Insufficient data		<u>≥7</u> <u>A</u>		Insufficie	ent data	<u>≥7</u> <u>A</u> l			

 $^{^1}$ M = Maintain; I = Improve. Maintenance, improvement or deterioration in the state of an attribute will be assessed through:

[•] Benchmarking against the TAS thresholds and trend analysis or appropriate statistical analysis; and

[•] Taking the impact of climate and human activity into account.

² Baseline state based on limited data collected over a period that is inconsistent with the monitoring requirements and baseline period defined in the National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management 2020.

³ Baseline state unknown; further monitoring needed to determine whether the attribute needs to be improved to the TAS or be maintained at a better state.

Table 8.3: Primary contact site objectives in rivers

<u>Pa</u>	<u>irameter</u>	<u>Escheric</u>	<i>hia coli</i> Septe	mber to April	<u>inclusive</u>					
	<u>Unit</u>		<u>cfu/1</u> (00 mL						
<u>s</u>	<u>tatistic</u>	95th percentile								
		Base	eline*	I	AS					
Water body	Primary contact site (Map 85)	<u>Numeric</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Numeric</u>	<u>State</u>					
	@Birchville	<u>122</u>	<u>Excellent</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>Excellent</u>					
	@Maoribank Corner	<u>123</u>	<u>Excellent</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>Excellent</u>					
	@Poets Parks	<u>117</u>	<u>Excellent</u>	<u>M</u>	Excellent					
<u>Te Awa</u> <u>Kairangi/Hutt</u>	<u>@Upstream</u> <u>Silverstream Bridge</u>	<u>164</u>	Good	<u>M</u>	Good					
River	@Taita Rock	Insufficient data 178**	Good	Maintain at or improve to M	Good					
	@Melling Bridge	<u>704</u>	<u>Poor</u>	<u>≤540</u>	<u>Fair</u>					
	@Hutt Forks	<u>199</u>	<u>Good</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>Good</u>					
<u>Pākuratahi</u> <u>River</u>	<u>@Kaitoke</u> <u>Campground</u>	Insufficient data >3000**	<u>Poor</u>	Maintain at or improve to ≤540	<u>Fair</u>					
<u>Akatarawa</u> <u>River</u>	@Hutt Confluence	<u>420</u>	<u>Fair</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>Fair</u>					
<u>Wainuiomata</u> <u>River</u>	<u>@Richard Prouse</u> <u>Park</u>	<u>966</u>	<u>Poor</u>	<u>≤540</u>	<u>Fair</u>					

 $[\]underline{\text{* baseline states as at 7 September 2017, except where indicated}}$

^{**} current state, as at October 2023

Table 8.4: Target attribute states for rivers

								Pa	art Freshw	ater Man	agement	Units for	Te Awa Ka	airangi, Ōı	rongoron	go and Wa	inuiomat	ta (Map 79	9)*				
				Wainu	iomata s	mall fores	Kairangi a sted and 1 nainstems	<u> Te Awa</u>	Te	Awa Kair	angi lowe	r mainste	<u>em</u>	Te Aw		gi rural str mainstem		d rural	Te	e Awa Kai	rangi urba	n stream	<u>s</u>
				Wha	katikei R.	@ Rivers	tone	Part Part		Hutt R. @	Boulcott	1	<u>Part</u>	Ma	ngaroa R	. @ Te Ma	rua	Part	Hulls	Ck adj. Re	ynolds Ba	ch Dr.	Part FMU
				Base	eline	TA	\S⁴	FMU defaul	Base	<u>eline</u>	<u>TA</u>	\S⁴	FMU defaul	Base	eline	TA	\S⁴	FMU defaul	Base	eline²	<u>TA</u>	<u>S⁴</u>	defau
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Unit</u>	Statistic	<u>Timeframe</u>	Numeric	State	Numeric	State	t TAS [†]	Numeric	State	Numeric	<u>State</u>	4	Numeric	<u>State</u>	Numeric	<u>State</u>	t TAS ¹	Numeric	<u>State</u>	Numeric	<u>State</u>	<u>lt</u> TAS ⁴
Periphyton biomass ²	mg chl-a/m²	92 nd %ile		Insufficio	ent data	<u>≤50</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>284</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>≤120</u>	<u>B</u>	Ī	<u>220</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>≤120</u>	<u>B</u>	Ī	Insuffic	ent data	<u>≤200</u>	<u>C</u>	
Ammonia (toxicity)	mg/L	<u>Median</u>		0.002	۸		۸		0.002	Α		۸		0.002	٨		Α		0.008	^		A	
Ammonia (toxicity)	ilig/L	95 th %ile		<u>0.004</u>	A		Α		0.003	Δ	<u>M¹</u>	Δ	<u> </u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>M</u> 1	Δ	<u> </u>	0.012	<u>A</u>		Δ	
Nitrate (toxicity)	mg/L	<u>Median</u>		<u>0.1</u>	Α		Α		0.2	A	<u> </u>	Α	<u></u>	0.4	<u>A</u>	l	Α	l	0.2	A	<u>M¹</u>	A	<u>M</u>
	_	95 th %ile		0.3	-				0.3					<u>0.6</u>					<u>0.4</u>			<u></u>	
Suspended fine sediment	Black disc (m)	<u>Median</u>		<u>4</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>M</u> 1	A		2.4	<u>C</u>	≥2. <u>95</u>	A		<u>1.5</u>	D	<u>≥2.22</u> 1.67	<u>ed</u>		<u>1.2</u>	Α		<u>A</u>	
		<u>Median</u>		<u>22</u>				<u>M</u>	<u>58</u>		<u>≤58</u>			<u>170</u>		<u>≤130</u>			<u>1,100</u>		≤ 130 260		
Escherichia coli (E. coli)	/100ml	%>260/100mL		<u>5</u>	^		^		<u>18</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>≤18</u>	<u>c</u>	±	<u>35</u>	D	≤ 30 34	<u>B C</u>		<u>100</u>	Е	≤ 34 50	<u>C D</u>	
ESCHETICHIA COU (E. COU)	<u>/100mL</u>	%>540/100mL		<u>3</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>A</u>		<u>8</u>	<u> </u>	<u>≤8</u>			<u>18</u>	<u> </u>	≤ 10 20	<u> </u>		<u>79</u>	<u> </u>	≤ 20 30	<u>60</u>	
		95 th %ile		<u>290</u>					<u>1,250</u>		<u>≤1,200</u>			<u>2,450</u>		≤ 1,000 1200		<u> </u>	<u>13,000</u>		≤ 1,200 13,000		ţ
<u>Fish</u>	<u>Fish-IBI</u>	<u>Latest</u>		Insuffici	ent data	≥34	A		Insuffici	ent data	≥34	A	M	Insuffici	ent data	<u>≥34</u>	Α	Ī	Insuffi cient data 36**	<u>A**</u>	<u>≥34</u>	A	
Fish community health (al		Expert assessment ³		Insufficio	ent data	N/A ³	A		Insuffici	ent data	N/A ³	Ð		Insuffici	ent data	N/A ³	B		Insuffic	ent data	N/A³	<u>e</u>	
Macroinvertebrates (1 of 2)	MCI	<u>Median</u>		<u>129.6</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>≥130</u>	<u> </u>		<u>109.1</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>110</u>	В	±	<u>118.3</u>	<u>C</u>	≥118.3	В		93.2**	D**	≥90	<u>C</u>	
riacionivertebrates (1012)	<u>QMCI</u>	<u>Median</u>	By 2040	<u>7.0</u>	ט	<u>≥7</u>	Δ	±	<u>5.5</u>		<u>5.5</u>	ם		<u>5.7</u>	<u> </u>	<u>≥5.7</u>	ט		3.3**	<u> </u>	<u>≥4.5</u>	<u>U</u>	
Macroinvertebrates (2 of 2)	<u>ASPM</u>	<u>Median</u>		<u>0.56</u>	<u>B</u>	≥0.6	<u>A</u>		0.4	<u>B</u>	<u>M</u> 1	<u>B</u>		<u>0.5</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>M</u> 1	<u>B</u>		0.31**	<u>C**</u>	≥0.3	<u>C</u>	
Deposited fine sediment ²	<u>%cover</u>	<u>Median</u>		<u>25</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≤13</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>5</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>A</u>		<u>0</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>A</u>		<u>11</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>M</u> 1	<u>B</u>	₩
<u>Dissolved oxygen</u>	mg/L	1-day minimum 7-day mean minimum		Insufficio	ent data	≥7. <u>5</u> ≥8.0	<u>A</u>	<u>M</u>	Insuffici	ent data	≥7.5 ≥8.0	<u>A</u>		Insuffici	ent data	≥7.5 ≥8.0	<u>A</u>	<u>M</u>	Insuffic	ent data	≥7.5 ≥8.0	<u>A</u>	<u> </u>
<u>Dissolved inorganic</u> <u>nitrogen⁴</u>	mg/L	<u>Median</u>		0.1	<u>15</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>1</u> 1		0	.2				0.	44	<u> 1</u>	<u>1¹</u>		<u>0.</u>	24			
Dissolved reactive	ma/l	Median		0.0	08	≤ 0.000	800.0 8	1	0.0	004	<u>1</u>	<u>1¹</u>		0.0)10	≤0.	006	+	<u>0.0</u>)18	<u>M</u>	<u> 1</u>	
phosphorus ⁴	<u>mg/L</u>	<u>95th%ile</u>		0.0	11	<u>≤0.</u>	<u>011</u>	Ī	0.0	800			M	0.0) <u>15</u>	<u>≤0.</u>	<u>015</u>	Ī	0.0)27			
		<u>Median</u>				<u>≤1</u>			<u>0.3</u>				<u> </u>			<u>≤1</u>			<u>1.9</u>		≤1.4 n/a	B <u>Impro</u>	
<u>Dissolved copper</u>	μg/L	95 th %ile		الممالية المالية		<u>≤1.4</u>	A		0.6	A	N41	<u>A</u>		la o vitti o i	a.u.t. data	<u>≤1.4</u>	A		<u>3.6</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≤1.8</u> n/a	ve within C band	
		<u>Median</u>		Insufficion	eni data	<u>≤2.4</u>		<u>M</u>	<u>0.5</u>		<u>M</u> 1]	<u>Insuffici</u>	<u>eni data</u>	<u>≤2.4</u>		<u> </u>	8.0		<u>≤8 n/a</u>	<u>B</u> Impro	<u>t</u>
<u>Dissolved zinc</u>	μg/L	95 th %ile				<u>≤8</u>	Α		<u>1.9</u>	Α		Α				<u>≤8</u>	Α		<u>19.2</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≤15</u> n/a	ve within C band	
Ecosystem metabolism ⁵	g O 2 m -2 d -1	N/A ⁵											<u> </u>	4									

						E	Part Fresh	water Man	agement Units	s for Te Aw	a Kairangi,	Örongoro	ongo and W	/ainuiomat	ta (Map 79	9) <u>*</u>				Mākara an		atchment	
					Wa	iwhetū Stı	ream		v	Vainuiom	ata urban s	streams			Wainuio	mata rura	ıl streams		Parangarah		ent stream rural strea		uth-west
				Waiw	hetū S. @	Whites Lir	ne East	Part	Blac	k Ck @ Ro	owe Parade	9	Part	Wainuio	mata Riv	er D/S of V	White Br.	Part	М	ākara S. @		-	Part
				Base	<u>eline</u>	<u>T/</u>	\S [†]	FMU defaut	Baseli	ne²	TA	.S⁴	<u>FMU</u> defaul	Base	<u>eline</u>	1/	AS [†]	FMU defaut	Basel	<u>ine</u>	TA	\S [†]	<u>FMU</u> defaul
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Statistic</u>	Timeframe	Numeric	State	Numeric	State	t-TAS [†]	Numeric	<u>State</u>	Numeric	<u>State</u>	t-TAS*	Numeric	<u>State</u>	Numeric	State	t TAS¹	Numeric	<u>State</u>	Numeric	<u>State</u>	t TAS¹
Periphyton biomass ²	mg chl-a/m²	92 nd %ile		Insuffic	ient data	≤ 200 120	C B	M	Insufficier	nt data	<u>≤200</u>	C	M	324	D	≤200	C B	ŧ	Insufficie	nt data	<u>≤200</u>	C	
A	#I	Median]	0.027		≤ 0.02 0.027	4.0		0.025		≤ 0.03 0 .025	4.0		0.004	٨				0.005			•	
Ammonia (toxicity)	mg/L	95 th %ile		0.076	<u>B</u>	<u>≤0.050</u> .076	<u> </u>	İ	0.066	<u>B</u>	<u>≤0.050</u> .066	<u> </u>	İ	0.025	A	<u>M¹</u>	A	<u>M</u>	0.023	<u>A</u>	<u>M¹</u>	<u>A</u>	M
Nitrato (tovinity)	ma/l	<u>Median</u>]	0.5	٨		۸		0.4	^	M¹	۸	M	0.2	۸	1	Λ	l	0.4	Λ	l —	Λ	
Nitrate (toxicity)	mg/L	95 th %ile]	0.9	А	<u>M¹</u>	A	<u>M</u>	0.7	A	IVL.	А	М	0.4	А		A		1.2	А		A	
Suspended fine sediment	Black disc(m)	Median		1.1	А		А		1.3	D	≥2.22	<u>C</u>		2.1	D	≥2.22	C		1.6	D	≥2.22	C	
		Median		<u>495</u>		≤130			1250		≤ 130 260			100		≤100			<u>375</u>		<u>≤260</u>		
Escherichia coli (E. coli)	/100mL	%>260/100mL		<u>73</u>	E	<u>≤34</u>	<u>e D</u>	t	<u>86</u>	E	≤ 34 50	C D	±	18	В	≤18	A	±	62	E	<u>≤50</u>	D	±
, ,		%>540/100mL		<u>42</u>	-	≤20			<u>71</u>		≤ 20 30 ≤ 1200			7		<u>≤5</u>	_		<u>32</u>		<u>≤30</u>	-	
		95 th %ile		5,800		≤1200			<u>4,360</u>		<u>4,360</u>			<u>1,000</u>		<u>≤540</u>			6,500		<u>≤3,850</u>		
<u>Fish</u>	<u>Fish-IBI</u>	<u>Latest</u>		Insuffic	ient data	≥34	<u>A</u>	<u>M</u>	Insufficien t data 30**	<u>B**</u>	≥34	<u>A</u>	<u>M</u>	Insuffici	ent data	≥34	<u>A</u>	<u>M</u>	Insufficien t data 46**	<u>A**</u>	≥34	<u>A</u>	
Fish community health (abundance, structu	re and composition)	Expert assessment ³		Insuffic	ient data	N/A ³	£		Insufficier	nt data	N/A ³	<u>e</u>		Insuffici	ent data	N/A ³	₿		Insufficie	nt data	N/A³	<u>e</u>	
Macroinvertebrates (1 of 2)	MCI	Median	By 2040	<u>55.4</u>	D	≥90	C		99**	D**	≥90	C	ŧ	109.5	C	≥110	<u>B</u>		<u>107.3</u>	C		<u>C</u>	M
	<u>QMCI</u>	<u>Median</u>		2.2		<u>≥4.5</u>			4.1**		<u>≥4.5</u>			<u>4.9</u>		<u>≥5.5</u>		±	<u>5.1</u>		<u>M</u> 1		4
Macroinvertebrates (2 of 2)	<u>ASPM</u>	<u>Median</u>		<u>0.1</u>	<u>D</u>	≥0.3	<u>C</u>	±	0.40**	<u>B**</u>	<u>≥0.3</u>	<u>C</u>		<u>0.4</u>	<u>B</u>	≥0.6	A		0.4	<u>B</u>		<u>B</u>	
Deposited fine sediment ²	%cover	<u>Median</u>	1	<u>30</u>	<u>D</u>	≤29	<u>C</u>	l	<u>11</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>M¹</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≤13</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>85</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>≤27</u>	<u>C</u>	±
Dissolved oxygen	mg/L	1-day minimum		Insuffic	ient data	≥7.5	А		Insufficier	nt data	≥7.5	А	<u>M</u>	Insuffici	ent data	≥7.5	А		Insufficie	nt data	≥7.5	А	
Disable disaggeria vitas dand	#!!	7-day mean minimum			50	≥8.0	41		0.5		≥8.0	41			47	<u>≥8.0</u>	41	M	0.44		≥8.0	41	M M
Dissolved inorganic nitrogen ⁴	mg/L	Median Median	ł		. <u>56</u> 024		<u>41</u> 8 0.024	<u>M</u>	<u>0.5</u> 0.02		<u>N</u> ≤0.			0.0			.01 <u>2</u>		0.42 0.02			<u>41</u> 8 0.025	
Dissolved reactive phosphorus ⁴	mg/L	95th%ile	ł		049	1	9 0.42	1	0.02			035	±)23	_	3 0.017	±	0.02			4 0.064	±
		<u>Median</u>	1	1.0		<u>≤1</u>		ł	1.0		==-					<u>≤1</u>			2.22		<u>≤1</u>		
Dissolved copper	μg/L	95 th %ile	1	4.0	C	≤ 1.4	<u>A.C.</u>	±	2.0	<u>C</u>	<u>M</u> 1	<u>C</u>	M			<u>=.</u> ≤1.4	А				<u>=-</u> ≤1.4	Α	
		Median	1	18.3		<u>4.3</u> ≤8		1	11.2		<u>≤11.2</u>		 	Insuffici	ent data	≤2.4		<u>M</u>	Insufficie	nt data	≤2.4		<u>M</u>
<u>Dissolved zinc</u>	μg/L	95 th %ile	-	51.5	<u>D</u>	<u>18.3</u> ≤ 15 42	<u>B</u> C		71.2	<u>D</u>	<u>≤42</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>†</u>			<u>32.4</u> ≤8	<u>A</u>				<u>32.4</u> ≤8	<u>A</u>	
Ecosystem metabolism	g O₂m⁻² d⁴	95 %ite	ł	51.5		<u>=1342</u>			71.2		<u> 242</u>			<u> </u>		<u>=0</u>			<u> </u>		<u> 20</u>		

				Part Fre	shwater Ma catch	nagement l nent (Map		orokoro		Part	Freshwate	r Manageme	nt Unit for V	/ellington urbar	catchme	ent (Map79)	<u> </u>		
					Koro	okoro Strea	m			Kaiwh	arawhara S	tream			Well	ington urba	n		<u>Island rivers</u> <u>part</u>
				Koro	koro S. @ C	ornish St. B	ir.	Part	Kaiwha	rawhara S	. @ Ngaio C	orge	Part	Karo	ri S. @ Mā	akara Peak		Part	Freshwater Management
				Base	eline	TA	S [‡]	FMU default	Baselin	ne.	I	AS <mark>*</mark>	FMU default	Baselir	ne	TA	S <u>†</u>	FMU default	Unit TAS ¹
Parameter	<u>U</u> nit	Statistic	Timeframe	Numeric**	State**	Numeric	State	TAS ¹	Numeric	State	Numeric	State	TAS*	Numeric	State	Numeric	State	TAS*	
Periphyton biomass ²	mg chl-a/m²	92 nd %ile		Insuffici	ent data	≤120	<u>B</u>		191	D	<u>≤200</u>	<u>C</u>	t	Insufficien	t data	≤200	<u>C</u>		
A		Median	1	0.002		≤0.03		1	0.004					0.009		M1			
Ammonia (toxicity)	mg/L	95 th %ile		0.007	<u>A</u>	<u>≤0.05</u>	<u>A</u>		0.031	<u>A</u>		A		0.026	<u>A</u>	<u>M¹</u>	<u>A</u>		
Nieuras (Assisita)		<u>Median</u>		<u>0.51</u>		≥1		₩	1.1		<u>M¹</u>	D.	M	1.3		≤1.0		<u>₩</u>	
Nitrate (toxicity)	mg/L	95 th %ile		0.93	А	<u>≥≤1.5</u>	А		1.5	<u>B</u>		<u>B</u>		1.6	<u>B</u>	М	<u>B</u>		
Suspended fine sediment	Black disc (m)	<u>Median</u>]	3.8	<u>A</u>	≥2. <u>95</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>3.2</u>	<u>A</u>		<u>A</u>		<u>3.2</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>A</u>		
		Median	1	<u>40</u>		<u>≤130</u>			<u>530</u>		≤ 130 260			1400		<u>≤130</u> <u>260</u>			
		%>260/100mL		<u>18%</u>	1	<u>≤30</u>			<u>73</u>		≤ 34 50			<u>97</u>		≤ 34 50			
Escherichia coli (E. coli)	/100mL	%>540/100mL	-	<u>9%</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>≤10</u>	<u>B</u>	±	<u>50</u>	<u>E</u>	≤ 20 30	<u>& D</u>	±	<u>83</u>	<u>E</u>	≤ 20 30	<u>& D</u>	<u>t</u>	
		95 th %ile	1	<u>965</u>	1	≤1,000	-		5,150	-	<u>≤1,200</u> 5,150			4,550	_	<u>≤1,200</u> 4,550			
Fish	Fish-IBI	Latest	1	36	А	≥34	А	M	Insufficient	A**	<u>5,150</u> ≥34	А	M	Insufficient data 24**	<u>C**</u>	<u>4,330</u> ≥34	А	M	
Fish community health (abundance, structure	and composition)	Expert assessment ^a	1			N/A ^a	e		Insufficient	t data	N/A ^a	£		Insufficient	t data	N/A ³	e		
	MCI	<u>Median</u>	By 2040	<u>113</u>		<u>≥130</u>			<u>81.9</u>		≥92.4	_	±	<u>91.8</u>		≥91.8			<u>M</u>
Macroinvertebrates (1 of 2)	QMCI	Median	1	5.1	C	≥6.5	Α	t	2.8	D	≥4.5	C		3.1	<u>D</u>	≥4.5	<u>C</u>	<u>ŧ</u>	
Macroinvertebrates (2 of 2)	ASPM	Median		0.57	<u>B</u>	≥0.6	А		0.25	D	≥0.3	C		0.29	D	≥0.3	C		
Deposited fine sediment ²	%cover	Median		<u>6%</u>	А	<u>≤13</u>	А		20	C	<u>≤13</u>	Α	Ī	<u>25</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>≤19</u>	<u>B</u>		
Dissolved oxygen	mg/L	1-day minimum		Insuffici	ent data	≥7.5	A	<u>₩</u>	Insufficient	t data	≥7.5	<u>A</u>		Insufficien	t data	<u>≥7.5</u>	<u>A</u>		
		7-day mean minimum			<u> </u>	≥8.0					≥8.0		<u>M</u>			≥8.0			
Dissolved inorganic nitrogen ⁴	mg/L	Median	1	0.9	<u>51</u>	≦0.			<u>1.14</u>			M <u>1</u>		1.29		4		M	
Dissolved reactive phosphorus4	mg/L	<u>Median</u>		<u>0.015</u>	<u>C</u>	≤0.0		t	0.037			8 0.025		0.035		М	<u>1</u> -		
		95th%ile	ł	0.020		≤0.0)21		0.064			4 0.064 <u>B</u>		0.062					
Dissolved copper	µg/L	Median	-	0.3	A	<u>≤1</u>	A		<u>1.3</u>	C	≤1.3 n/a	Improve within C	ŧ	<u>1.3</u>	<u>D</u>	≤1.3	<u>C</u>		
		95 th %ile		0.5		≤1.4		<u>₩</u>	2.8		≤1.8 n/a	band		<u>5.9</u>		<u>≤4.3</u>		t	
Dissolved zinc	µg/L	Median		0.5	A	≤2.4	А		6.1	<u>B</u>	≤ 2.4 6.1	<u>AB</u>		16.2	<u>D</u>	≤16.2	<u>C</u>		
		95 th %ile		0.5		<u>≤8</u>			12.8		≤ 8 12.8			<u>43.0</u>		<u>≤42</u>			
Ecosystem metabolism	g O₂m⁻²d ⁴	N/A ⁵									M								

¹ M = Maintain; I = Improve. Maintenance, improvement or deterioration in the state of an attribute will be assessed through:

[•] Benchmarking against the TAS thresholds and trend analysis or appropriate statistical analysis; and

Taking the impact of climate and human activity into account.

² Baseline state based on limited data.

³ The A,B,C and D states to be assigned on the basis of fish community health reflecting an excellent, good, fair and poor state of aquatic ecosystem health respectively.

⁴ Median concentration targets reflect the nutrient outcomes required by Clause 3.13 of the National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management 2020

⁵ Further monitoring needed to define baseline state and develop attribute state framework.

^{*} Baseline states as at 7 September 2017, except where indicated

^{**} Current state, as at 30 June 2024

Table 9.1: Coastal water objectives

						Coas	stal Wa	iter Mana	gement l	Units (Ma	ıp 82)	
					Onepo	to Arm		<u>P</u>	āuataha	nui Inlet		
				Intert	idal	Subti	<u>idal</u>	Inter	tidal	Subt	idal	Open coast
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Statistic</u>	<u>Timeframe</u>	Current state	Target	Current state	Target	Current state	Target	Current state	<u>Target</u>	
Enterococci	cfu/ 100 mL	95 ^{th_%ile}	2040		<u>≤5</u>	00			≤20	0		<u>≤200</u>
<u>Macroalgae</u>	<u>EQR</u>	<u>Latest score</u>		0.71	<u>M</u>	no data	<u>M</u>	0.71	<u>M</u>	no data	<u>M</u>	
Copper in sediment	mg/kg	Mean of replicate		<u>3.9</u>	<u>₩</u> <32.5	<u>19.5</u>	<u>₩</u> <32.5	3.8	M <32.5	9.9	<u>₩</u> <32.5	
Zinc in sediment	mg/kg	<u>samples</u>	N/A 2040	<u>53.9</u>	<u>₩</u> <200	172.5	<u>₩</u> <305	<u>32.5</u>	<u><100</u>	<u>74.7</u>	<u><100</u>	Maintain or Improve
<u>Muddiness</u>	<u>% >50% mud</u>	Latest score		<u>13.5</u>	<u>M</u>	no data	M	<u>13.5</u>	<u>M</u>	no data	<u>M</u>	
	<u>% of sample</u>			9.3	M	<u>94.5</u>	M	9.4	М	<u>63.0</u>	M	
Sedimentation rate	mm/year	<u>5-year mean</u>		2.7	1 ≤2.7	9.8	1 ≤2.7	1.9	<u>2≤3.2</u>	2.8	<u>2≤3.2</u>	

<u>M = Maintain; Maintenance in the state of a target will be assessed through:</u>

- Benchmarking against the baseline threshold and trend analysis or appropriate statistical analysis; and
- Taking the impact of climate and human activity into account.

All current state data = most recent available as at 2025

Table 9.1A: Coastal water objectives - enterococci

Table 3. TA. Goastat Water objective	oo ontoroooo	
<u>Site</u>	Current state ¹	Target ²
Te Awarua-o-Porirua Harbour		
Waka Ama	2680	500-50% improvement towards meeting 500
Rowing Club	1820	500-50% improvement towards meeting 500
Paremata Bridge	<u>378</u>	200 500
Water Ski Club	1083	500-50% improvement towards meeting 500
<u>Open Coast</u>		
Karehana Bay at Cluny Road	408	M 500
Plimmerton Beach at Bath Street	628	M 500
Plimmerton at South Beach	738	M 500
Tītahi Bay at Bay Drive	293	<u>M 200</u>
Titahi Bay at Toms Road	218	<u>₩ 200</u>
Titahi Bay at South Beach Access Road	458	<u>M 500</u>
Any other locations		
No monitoring sites	=	M

- 1. As at 17 December 2024, 5-year summer 95th %ile Cfu/100 ml
- 2. Cfu/100 ml 95th %ile

M = Maintain; Maintenance in the state of a target will be assessed through:

- Benchmarking against the baseline threshold and trend analysis or appropriate statistical analysis; and
- Taking the impact of climate and human activity into account.

Table 9.2: Target attribute states for rivers

											Part Fre	eshwater	Managem	ent Units (Ma	o 78)*								
						<u>Taupō</u>				F	ouewe				Wa	ai-O-Hata				1	akapū		
				Taupō S	. @ Plimr	merton Dom	ain_	Part	Horol	ciri S. @ S	Snodgrass	i	Part	Duck Cl	@ Trade	winds Dr.	Br.	Part	Pāuatahan	ui S. @	Elmwood	Br.	Part
				Baselir	1 <u>e</u>	TAS	† <u> </u>	FMU default	Baselir	<u>ie</u>	TA	S [†]	FMU default	Baselir	ne	TA	S ¹	FMU default	Baselin	e	TAS		FMU default
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Unit</u>	Statistic	<u>Timeframe</u>	Numeric	<u>State</u>	Numeric	<u>State</u>	TAS ⁴	Numeric	<u>State</u>	Numeric	<u>State</u>	TAS ¹	Numeric	<u>State</u>	Numeric	<u>State</u>	TAS ⁴	Numeric	State	Numeric	State	TAS [†]
Periphyton biomass	mg chl-a/m²	92 nd %ile			<u>N//</u>	A ²		<u>M</u>	436³	<u>D</u>	<u>≤120</u>	<u>B</u>	±	Insufficient data 31.8**	<u>A**</u>	<u>≤120</u>	<u>B</u>	±	Insufficient	data	<u>≤120</u>	<u>B</u>	±
Ammonia (toxicity)	mg/L	Median		0.011	<u>B</u> ⁴	≤0.03	<u>A</u>		0.002	<u>A</u>		<u>A</u>		0.013	<u>A</u> ⁴	<u>M¹</u>	A	<u>M</u>	0.005	<u>A</u>		<u>A</u>	
Annionia (toxicity)	ilig/E	<u>95th %ile</u>		<u>0.051</u>	<u> </u>	<u>≤0.05</u>	Δ	4	<u>0.013</u>	Δ		Δ		0.044	Δ.	<u>1-1_</u>	Δ	<u>11</u>	0.018	Δ	М <mark>1</mark>	Δ	M
Nitrate (toxicity)	mg/L	Median		0.4	<u>B</u> ⁴	<u>≤1</u>	<u>A</u>	ı	0.6	A	<u>M¹</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>M</u>	0.5	<u>B</u> ⁴	<u>≤1</u>	<u>A</u>	+	0.3	<u>A</u>	III.	<u>A</u>	1
interacto (toxionty)	<u>y. </u>	95 th %ile		<u>2.1</u>	<u> </u>	<u>≤1.5</u>	Δ		<u>1.1</u>	Δ		Δ		<u>1.6</u>	<u></u>	<u>≤1.5</u>	Δ	÷	0.8	Δ		<u> </u>	
Suspended fine sediment	Black disc (m)	Median		1.2	<u>A</u> ⁴	≥0.93	А	M	2.3	<u>C</u>		<u>C</u>		1.2	<u>A</u> ⁴	≥0.93	А	M	1.8	D	≥2.22	<u>C</u>	ı
		Median		735		≤130			370		≤130			703		<u>≤130</u>			<u>275</u>	_	≤130		ı
Escherichia coli (E. coli)	/100mL	%>260/100mL	1	<u>96</u>	<u>E</u> 4	≤ 30 34	B C	+	<u>63</u>	E	≤ 30 34	B C	+	92	E ⁴	≤ 30 34	<u>€</u> D	+	<u>55</u>	E	<u>≤20</u>	C	<u> </u>
Economical designation (En econo	LIVVIII	%>540/100mL		62	-	≤ 10 20		-	32	_	≤ 10 20	20	•	<u>59</u>	_	≤ 10 20	-	-	18		<u>≤34</u>	×	ı
		95 th %ile		<u>5,299</u>		≤ 1,000 1,200			4,950		≤ 1,000 1,200			4,783		<u>≤1,200</u>			6,050		<u>≤1,200</u>		
Fish	Fish-IBI	Latest		Insufficient data 46**	<u>A**</u>	M¹		M	Insufficient data 42**	<u>A**</u>	М	<u>1</u>	M	Insufficien	t data	М	11	M	Insufficient data 42**	<u>A**</u>	<u>M</u> 1		M
Fish community health (abundance, stru	cture and composition)	Expert assessment ⁵		Insufficien	t data	<u>N/A⁵</u>	<u>B</u>		Insufficien	t data	<u>N/A</u> ⁵	A		Insufficien	t data	N/A ⁵	<u>B</u>		Insufficient	data	N/A ⁵	<u>B</u>	1
Macroinvertebrates (1 of 2)	<u>MCI</u>	<u>Median</u>	By 2040	<u>75.9**</u>	<u>D**</u>	≥100	<u>B</u>	į.	<u>115.0</u>	<u>B</u>	≥130	Α	ŧ	<u>104**</u>	D**	≥100	<u>B</u>	+	<u>101.2</u>	D	<u>≥105</u>	<u>B</u>	ŧ
	QMCI	Median		3.5**		<u>≥5</u>	_	=	<u>6.0</u>		<u>≥6.5</u>	_		4.3**		<u>≥5</u>		•	<u>3.8</u>		<u>≥5.25</u>		<u> </u>
Macroinvertebrates (2 of 2)	ASPM	Median		0.17**	<u>D**</u>	≥0.4	<u>B</u>		0.5	<u>B</u>	<u>M¹</u>	<u>B</u>		0.34	<u>C**</u>	≥0.4	<u>B</u>		0.4	C	≥0.40	<u>C</u>	₩
Deposited fine sediment ³	%cover	Median				N/A ⁶		•	10	А		А		<u>6%</u>	<u>A**</u>				<u>60</u>	D	<u>≤27</u>	<u>C</u>	ŧ
Dissolved oxygen	mg/L	1-day minimum	1	Insufficien	t data	M¹		M	Insufficien	t data				Insufficien	t data	<u>M</u>	<u> 1</u>		Insufficient	data			ı
	<u> </u>	7-day mean minimum																M					ı
<u>Dissolved inorganic nitrogen</u> ⁷	mg/L	<u>Median</u>		0.414		≤1.0	13	ŧ	0.64		<u>M</u>	<u>1</u>		0.484					0.33		<u>M¹</u>		ı
Dissolved reactive phosphorus ⁷	mg/L	<u>Median</u>		0.017	4	<u>M</u> 1		<u>₩</u>	0.011				<u>M</u>	0.018	4	М	1		0.014				ı
		95th%ile		0.047	<u>4</u>		ı		0.026					0.054					0.022				<u>M</u>
Dissolved copper	μg/L	Median		0.61	D ⁴	≦1	<u>B</u>		0.03	A ⁴		A		0.47	<u>C</u> ⁴	<u>≤1</u>	AB		0.06	<u>A</u> ⁴		А	ı
	. 3—	95 th %ile]	4.69		<u>≤1.8</u>		<u> †</u>	0.12		<u>M</u> 1			2.93		≤1.4		<u> †</u>	0.27		<u>M¹</u>		ı
Dissolved zinc	μg/L	Median		3.91	<u>C</u> ⁴	≤2.4	<u>A</u>		0.07	<u>A</u> ⁴		A		1.96	<u>B</u> ⁴	≤ 2.4 8.	<u> </u>		0.11	<u>A</u> ⁴	_	<u>A</u>	ı
<u>5.000.704 21110</u>	48/ -	95 th %ile]	<u>32.25</u>	<u> </u>	<u>≤8</u>	<u> </u>		0.23	<u> </u>		11		<u>13.04</u>	<u>5</u>	≤ 8 15	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>		0.48	<u> </u>		<u>/ </u>	
Ecosystem metabolism	g 0₂ m² d⁴	N/A ^s											<u>M</u>										1

				Part Fr	eshw	ater Ma (Map		ment U	nits
				Te Rio	o Porii			<u>ituhi</u>	
				Porirua	S. @ I	Milk De	<u>pot</u>	Part	<u>Isla</u> nd
								<u>FM</u> <u>⊎</u>	<u>rive</u>
				<u>Baseli</u>	<u>ne</u>	<u>TA</u>	<u>S</u> [†]	def ault TAS	<u>rs</u> <u>TAS</u> 1
<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Unit</u>	Statistic	Timefr ame	Numeric	St ate	Nume <u>ric</u>	St ate		
Periphyton biomass	mg chl-a/m²	92 nd %ile		Insuffi cient data 45.6**	<u>A**</u>	<u>≤12</u> 0	<u>B</u>	<u>+</u>	
A manna a mia (A a via itu)		<u>Median</u>		0.006	۸	N/1	^	M	
Ammonia (toxicity)	mg/L	95 th %ile		0.034	Α	<u>M</u> 1	Α	<u>M</u>	
Niaman (Assisias)		<u>Median</u>		0.9	-	<u>≤0.</u> <u>9</u>	•		
Nitrate (toxicity)	mg/L	95 th %ile		<u>1.6</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>≤1.</u> <u>5</u>	<u>A</u>	ţ	
<u>Suspended fine</u> <u>sediment</u>	Black disc (m)	<u>Median</u>		<u>1.7</u>	Α	<u>M</u> 1	Α	<u>M</u>	
		<u>Median</u>		<u>1400</u>		≤ 13 ⊕ 260			
		%>260/100 mL		<u>95</u>		≤ 20 <u>50</u>			
Escherichia coli (E. coli)	<u>/100mL</u>	%>540/100 mL		<u>83</u>	<u>E</u>	≤ 34 30	<u>C</u> D	±	
		95 th %ile	<u>By</u>	<u>6950</u>		≤ 12 00 6,9 50			<u>M</u>
<u>Fish</u>	Fish-IBI	<u>Latest</u>	<u>2040</u>	Insuffic data		<u>M</u>	11	<u>M</u>	
Fish community health		<u>Expert</u>		Insuffic	ient	N/A	<u>e</u>		
structure and comp	•	assessment ⁵		data	<u>t</u>	5	_		
Macroinvertebrates (1 of 2)	MCI QMCI	Median Median		<u>87.0</u> <u>4.3</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>≥90</u> <u>≥4.</u> 5	<u>C</u>	±	
Macroinvertebrates (2 of 2)	<u>ASPM</u>	<u>Median</u>		0.3	D	<u>3</u> ≥0.	<u>C</u>		
Deposited fine sediment ³	%cover	<u>Median</u>		20	<u>C</u>	<u>M</u> 1	<u>C</u>	<u>M</u>	
Dissolved oxygen	mg/L	1-day minimum 7-day mean minimum		Insuffic data					
<u>Dissolved inorganic</u> <u>nitrogen⁷</u>	mg/L	Median		0.92	2	<u>M</u>	<u> 1</u>	N4	
Dissolved reactive	11 m and	<u>Median</u>		0.01	8			<u>M</u>	
phosphorus ⁷	mg/L	<u>95th%ile</u>		0.03	4				
Dissolved copper	μg/L	<u>Median</u>		<u>1.1</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>M</u> 1	<u>C</u>		
<u>5.5557764 504961</u>	1 49. =	95 th %ile		<u>2.6</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	¥		

Dissolved zinc	μg/L	<u>Median</u>
	#	95 th %ile
Ecosystem metabolism	g 0 2 m-2 d-1	N/A [₽]

<u>7.5</u>	D	<u>≤7.</u> <u>5</u>	<u>C</u>	ŧ
<u>58</u>		<u>≤42</u>	_	-
		<u>₩</u> 8		

- ¹ M = Maintain; I = Improve. Maintenance, improvement or deterioration in the state of an attribute will be assessed through:
 - Benchmarking against the TAS thresholds and trend analysis or appropriate statistical analysis; and
 - Taking the impact of climate and human activity into account.
- 2 All rivers in **part Freshwater Management Unit** naturally soft bottomed and unlikely to support periphyton growth (River Environment Classification group = WW/L/SS).
- ³ Baseline state based on limited data.
- ⁴ Baseline state based on eWater Source model results. Further monitoring needed to confirm whether the attribute meets the TAS.
- ⁵ The A,B,C and D states to be assigned on the basis of fish community health reflecting an excellent, good, fair and poor state of aquatic ecosystem health respectively.
- ⁶ All rivers in **part Freshwater Management Unit** naturally soft bottomed (River Environment Classification group = WW/L/SS).
- ⁷ Median concentration targets reflect the nutrient outcomes required by Clause 3.13 of the National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management 2020
- ⁸ Further monitoring needed to define baseline state and develop attribute state framework.
- * Baseline states as at 7 September 2017, except where indicated
- ** Current state, as at 30 June 2024